

#### FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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# AMERICAN EXPRESS REPORTS FIRST-QUARTER REVENUE OF \$9.1 BILLION AND EARNINGS PER SHARE OF \$2.74

(Millions, except percentages and per share amounts)

	,	Quarters Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020	
Total Revenues Net of Interest Expense	\$ 9,064	\$ 10,310	(12)
Total Provisions for Credit Losses	\$ (675)	\$ 2,621	#
Net Income	\$ 2,235	\$ 367	#
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share <sup>1</sup>	\$ 2.74	\$ 0.41	#
Average Diluted Common Shares Outstanding	805	808	(0)

# - Denotes a variance of 100 percent or more.

**New York – April 23, 2021** – American Express Company (NYSE: AXP) today reported first-quarter net income of \$2.2 billion, or \$2.74 per share, compared with net income of \$367 million, or \$0.41 per share, a year ago. The results reflected the impact of \$1.05 billion (\$802 million after tax) in credit reserve releases<sup>2</sup>, primarily driven by continued improvements in the macroeconomic outlook and strong credit performance.

"I am pleased with our results in the first quarter, where we saw continued improvements in our core business along with best-in-class credit performance, and I'm especially encouraged by the progress we're making to rebuild our growth momentum going forward," said Stephen J. Squeri, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.

"Card member spending excluding travel and entertainment categories was 11 percent higher on an FX-adjusted basis than it was in the first quarter of 2019, and continues to represent the majority of spend on our network.



We've also seen an uptick across all categories of travel and entertainment spending in the U.S. in recent weeks, increasing our confidence that domestic consumer travel will continue to recover.

"We view 2021 as a transition year, where we are focused on making investments to rebuild growth momentum in our core business. We've fired up our card acquisition engine, adding 2.1 million new proprietary cards during the quarter. Also, the additional value we provided on several of our premium products is helping to drive increased Card Member engagement, and our attrition rates and customer satisfaction levels remain better than pre-pandemic levels.

"Our investments to scale next horizon opportunities are well underway. We began the rollout of the Kabbage digital platform to our small business customers, and through our joint venture in China, we have now added more than 14 million merchants to our network.

"Given the progress we've seen thus far and clear indicators that the economy is improving, I'm even more confident in our roadmap to achieve our aspiration of returning to the original EPS expectations we had for 2020 in 2022."

First-quarter consolidated total revenues net of interest expense were \$9.1 billion, down 12 percent from \$10.3 billion a year ago. The quarter primarily reflected declines in Card Member spending and loan volumes, as well as a lower average discount rate compared to the prior year.

Consolidated provisions for credit losses resulted in a benefit of \$675 million, primarily reflecting the previously mentioned reserve releases and lower net write-offs, compared with a provision expense of \$2.6 billion a year ago, which primarily reflected significant credit reserve builds.

Consolidated expenses were \$6.7 billion, down 7 percent from \$7.2 billion a year ago, reflecting lower customer engagement costs<sup>3</sup> and operating expenses.<sup>4</sup> Customer engagement costs were down due to the decline in Card Member spending and lower usage of travel-related Card Member benefits, partially offset by marketing investments the company made to rebuild growth momentum. The decrease in operating expenses was primarily driven by gains related to certain Amex Ventures equity investments, partially offset by higher deferred and other compensation costs.

The consolidated effective tax rate was 25.3 percent, up from 18.8 percent a year ago. The increase primarily reflected the impact of certain discrete tax benefits in relation to lower pretax income in the prior year.

**Global Consumer Services Group** reported first-quarter pretax income of \$2.1 billion, compared with \$231 million a year ago.

Total revenues net of interest expense were \$5.3 billion, down 11 percent from \$6.0 billion a year ago. The decrease primarily reflected declines in Card Member spending and loan volumes compared to the prior year.



Provisions for credit losses resulted in a benefit of \$504 million, primarily reflecting a portion of the previously mentioned reserve releases and lower net write-offs, compared with a provision expense of \$1.8 billion a year ago, which primarily reflected significant reserve builds.

Total expenses were \$3.7 billion, down 6 percent from \$3.9 billion a year ago. The decrease primarily reflected lower customer engagement costs due to a decline in Card Member spending and lower usage of travel-related Card Member benefits, as well as lower operating expenses, partially offset by marketing investments to rebuild growth momentum.

**Global Commercial Services** reported first-quarter pretax income of \$665 million, compared with \$19 million a year ago.

Total revenues net of interest expense were \$2.7 billion, down 14 percent from \$3.1 billion a year ago, primarily reflecting a decline in Card Member spending.

Provisions for credit losses resulted in a benefit of \$162 million, primarily reflecting a portion of the previously mentioned reserve releases and lower net write-offs, compared with a provision expense of \$762 million a year ago, which primarily reflected significant reserve builds.

Total expenses were \$2.1 billion, down 7 percent from \$2.3 billion a year ago. The decrease primarily reflected lower client incentives and other customer engagement costs due to a decline in Card Member spending, partially offset by marketing investments to rebuild growth momentum.

**Global Merchant and Network Services** reported first-quarter pretax income of \$414 million, compared with \$551 million a year ago.

Total revenues net of interest expense were \$1.2 billion, down 13 percent from \$1.4 billion a year ago. The decrease reflected declines in Card Member spending and the average discount rate compared to the prior year.

Total expenses were \$807 million, up 2 percent from \$789 million a year ago, driven by higher marketing and promotion investments, partially offset by lower network partner payments due to a decline in Card Member spending.

**Corporate and Other** reported a first-quarter pretax loss of \$210 million, compared with a pretax loss of \$349 million a year ago.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Diluted earnings per common share (EPS) was reduced by the impact of (i) earnings allocated to participating share awards and other items of \$15 million and \$2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and (ii) dividends on preferred shares of \$14 million and \$32 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Reserve releases and reserve builds represent the portion of the provisions for credit losses for the period related to increasing or decreasing reserves for credit losses as a result of, among other things, changes in volumes, macroeconomic outlook, portfolio composition and credit quality of portfolios. Reserve releases represent the amount by which net write-offs exceed the provisions for credit losses. Reserve builds represent the amount by which the provisions for credit losses exceed net write-offs.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Customer engagement costs represent the aggregate of Card Member rewards, Card Member services, and marketing and business development expenses.

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#### **About American Express**

American Express is a globally integrated payments company, providing customers with access to products, insights and experiences that enrich lives and build business success. Learn more at <a href="mailto:americanexpress.com">americanexpress.com</a> and connect with us on <a href="mailto:facebook.com/americanexpress">facebook.com/americanexpress</a>, <a href="mailto:instagram.com/americanexpress">instagram.com/americanexpress</a>, <a href="mailto:linkedin.com/company/americanexpress">linkedin.com/company/americanexpress</a>, <a href="mailto:twitter.com/americanexpress">twitter.com/americanexpress</a>, and <a href="mailto:youtube.com/americanexpress">youtube.com/americanexpress</a>.

Key links to products, services and corporate responsibility information: <u>charge and credit cards</u>, <u>business credit cards</u>, <u>travel services</u>, <u>gift cards</u>, <u>prepaid cards</u>, <u>merchant services</u>, <u>Accertify</u>, <u>InAuth</u>, <u>corporate card</u>, <u>business travel</u>, and <u>corporate responsibility</u>.

Source: American Express Company

Location: Global

This earnings release should be read in conjunction with the company's statistical tables for the first quarter 2021, available on the American Express Investor Relations website at <a href="http://ir.americanexpress.com">http://ir.americanexpress.com</a> and in a Form 8-K furnished today with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

An investor conference call will be held at 8:30 a.m. (ET) today to discuss first-quarter results. Live audio and presentation slides for the investor conference call will be available to the general public on the above-mentioned American Express Investor Relations website. A replay of the conference call will be available later today at the same website address.

#### **CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This release includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which are subject to risks and uncertainties. The forward-looking statements, which address American Express Company's current expectations regarding business and financial performance, among other matters, contain words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "aim," "will," "may," "should," "could," "would," "likely" and similar expressions. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which they are made. The company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements. Factors

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Operating expenses represent salaries and employee benefits, professional services, data processing and equipment (formerly occupancy and equipment), and other, net.



that could cause actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements, include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the company's ability to achieve in 2022 its aspiration of being back to the original earnings per common share (EPS) expectations it had for 2020 and for the company to be positioned to execute on its financial growth algorithm, which will depend in part on a recovery in consumer travel and therefore on how soon lockdowns ease, travel restrictions lift and the general public begins to feel comfortable traveling again; discount revenue recovering broadly in-line with billed business; credit performance and reserve levels; identifying attractive investment opportunities that help rebuild growth momentum and scale next horizon opportunities; the company's ability to control operating expenses; the effective tax rate remaining consistent with current expectations; and the company's ability to continue its share repurchase program; any of which could be impacted by, among other things, the factors identified in the subsequent paragraphs;
- the company's volumes, revenue growth and EPS for 2021 and beyond, which could be impacted by, among other things, uncertainty regarding the continued spread of COVID-19 (including new variants) and severity of the pandemic and the availability, distribution and use of effective treatments and vaccines; a further deterioration in global economic and business conditions; consumer and business spending not growing in line with expectations, including G&S spending not continuing to grow and T&E spending not rebounding to around 70 percent of 2019 levels by the end of 2021; an inability or unwillingness of Card Members to pay amounts owed to the company; insufficient government support and relief programs to address the ongoing impact of the pandemic; prolonged measures to contain the spread of COVID-19 (including travel restrictions) or premature easing of such containment measures, both of which could further exacerbate the effects on business activity and the company's Card Members, partners and merchants; health concerns associated with the pandemic continuing to affect consumer behavior, spending levels and preferences, and travel patterns and demand even after government restrictions are lifted and economies reopen, including domestic travel not continuing to recover in 2021; an inability of the company to effectively manage risk in an uncertain environment; market volatility, changes in capital and credit market conditions and the availability and cost of capital; issues impacting brand perceptions and the company's reputation; the amount and efficacy of investments in share, scale and relevance; an inability of business partners to meet their obligations to the company and the company's customers due to slowdowns or disruptions in their businesses, bankruptcy or liquidation, or otherwise; the impact of any future contingencies, including, but not limited to, restructurings, impairments, changes in reserves, legal costs, the imposition of fines or civil money penalties and increases in Card Member reimbursements; and the impact of regulation and litigation, which could affect the profitability of the company's business activities, limit the company's ability to pursue business opportunities, require changes to business practices or alter the company's relationships with partners, merchants and Card Members;
- future credit performance and the amount and timing of future credit reserve builds and releases, which will depend in part on changes in consumer behavior that affect loan and receivable balances (such as paydown and revolve rates) and delinquency and write-off rates; macroeconomic factors such as unemployment rates, GDP and the volume of bankruptcies; the performance of accounts as they graduate and exit from financial relief programs; collections capabilities and recoveries of previously written-off loans and receivables; the enrollment in, and effectiveness of, hardship programs and troubled debt restructurings; continued government support for the economy; and governmental actions that provide forms of relief with respect to certain loans and fees, such as limiting debt collections efforts and encouraging or requiring extensions, modifications or forbearance;



- net interest income and the growth rate of loans outstanding being higher or lower than current expectations, which will depend on the behavior of Card Members and their actual spending, borrowing and paydown patterns; government stimulus, liquidity and financial strength in the company's customer base and the availability of forbearance programs; the company's ability to effectively manage risk and enhance Card Member value propositions; changes in interest rates and the company's cost of funds; credit actions, including line size and other adjustments to credit availability; and the effectiveness of the company's strategies to capture a greater share of existing Card Members' spending and borrowings, reduce Card Member attrition and attract new customers;
- the actual amount to be spent on marketing in 2021 and beyond, which will be based in part on continued changes
  in macroeconomic conditions and business performance; management's identification and assessment of
  attractive investment opportunities and the receptivity of Card Members and prospective customers to advertising
  and customer acquisition initiatives; the pace at which the company winds down its value injections efforts; the
  company's ability to balance expense control and investments in the business; and management's ability to realize
  efficiencies and optimize investment spending;
- the actual amount to be spent on Card Member rewards and services and business development, and the relationship of these variable customer engagement costs to revenues, which could be impacted by continued changes in macroeconomic conditions and Card Member behavior as it relates to their spending patterns (including the level of spend in bonus categories) and the redemption of rewards and offers (including travel redemptions); the costs related to reward point redemptions; Card Members' interest in the value propositions offered by the company; further enhancements to product benefits to make them attractive to Card Members, potentially in a manner that is not cost effective; and new and renegotiated contractual obligations with business partners;
- the ability of the company to control its operating expenses and the actual amount the company spends on operating expenses in 2021 and beyond, which could be impacted by, among other things, management's decision to increase or decrease spending in such areas as technology, business and product development, sales force, premium servicing and digital capabilities depending on overall business performance; the company's ability to innovate efficient channels of customer interactions, such as chat supported by artificial intelligence; restructuring activity; fraud costs; information security or compliance expenses or consulting, legal and other professional services fees, including as a result of litigation or internal and regulatory reviews; the level of M&A activity and related expenses; the payment of civil money penalties, disgorgement, restitution, non-income tax assessments and litigation-related settlements; impairments of goodwill or other assets; the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on costs; and higher-than-expected inflation;
- net card fees not growing consistent with current expectations, which could be impacted by, among other things,
  the further deterioration in macroeconomic conditions impacting the ability and desire of Card Members to pay
  card fees; higher Card Member attrition rates; Card Members continuing to be attracted to the company's
  premium card products and the pace of Card Member acquisition activity; and the company's inability to address
  competitive pressures and implement its strategies and business initiatives, including introducing new and
  enhanced benefits and services that are designed for the current environment;
- a further decline of the average discount rate, including as a result of further changes in the mix of spending by location and industry (including the pace of recovery in T&E spending), merchant negotiations (including merchant



incentives, concessions and volume-related pricing discounts), competition, pricing regulation (including regulation of competitors' interchange rates) and other factors;

- the company's 2021 tax rate not remaining consistent with current expectations, which could be impacted by, among other things, the company's geographic mix of income, further changes in tax laws and regulation, unfavorable tax audits and other unanticipated tax items;
- changes in the substantial and increasing worldwide competition in the payments industry, including competitive
  pressure that may materially impact the prices charged to merchants that accept American Express cards,
  competition for new and existing cobrand relationships, competition from new and non-traditional competitors
  and the success of marketing, promotion and rewards programs;
- changes affecting the company's plans regarding the return of capital to shareholders, including for the second
  quarter of 2021, which will depend on factors such as capital levels and regulatory capital ratios; changes in the
  stress testing and capital planning process and new guidance from the Federal Reserve; the company's results of
  operations and financial condition; the company's credit ratings and rating agency considerations; and the
  economic environment and market conditions in any given period;
- the company's ability to increase Card Member acquisition activities, provide additional value to Card Members and refresh its premium products, which will be impacted in part by competition, brand perceptions and reputation, and the ability of the company to develop and market value propositions that appeal to Card Members and new customers and offer attractive services and rewards programs, which will depend in part on ongoing investments in Card Member acquisition efforts, addressing changing customer behaviors, new product innovation and development, and enrollment processes, including through digital channels, and infrastructure to support new products, services and benefits;
- the ability of the company to grow commercial payments, including through cash flow and supplier payment
  solutions, which will depend in part on competition, the willingness and ability of companies to use such solutions
  for procurement and other business expenditures, the ability of the company to offer attractive value propositions
  to potential customers, the company's ability to enhance and expand its payment and lending solutions, and the
  company's ability to integrate Kabbage's digital capabilities and continue the rollout of the Kabbage platform to
  the company's small business customers;
- the possibility that the company will not execute on its plans to expand merchant coverage and improve
  perceptions of coverage, which will depend in part on the success of the company, OptBlue merchant acquirers
  and GNS partners in signing merchants to accept American Express, which could be impacted by the value
  propositions offered by the company to merchants and merchant acquirers for card acceptance, as well as the
  awareness and willingness of Card Members to use American Express cards at merchants and whether Card
  Members experience welcome acceptance for American Express cards;
- the ability of the company to execute on its plans in China, which could be affected by regulation and local business practices; the success of business partners in continuing to acquire merchants and attract local customers on the network; macroeconomic conditions; and competitors with more scale in the market and more established relationships with key industry participants;



- a failure in or breach of the company's operational or security systems, processes or infrastructure, or those of third parties, including as a result of cyberattacks, which could compromise the confidentiality, integrity, privacy and/or security of data, disrupt its operations, reduce the use and acceptance of American Express cards and lead to regulatory scrutiny, litigation, remediation and response costs, and reputational harm;
- legal and regulatory developments, which could affect the profitability of the company's business activities; limit the company's ability to pursue business opportunities or conduct business in certain jurisdictions; require changes to business practices or alter the company's relationships with Card Members, partners, merchants and other third parties, including its ability to continue certain cobrand relationships in the EU; exert further pressure on the average discount rate and GNS business; result in increased costs related to regulatory oversight, litigation-related settlements, judgments or expenses, restitution to Card Members or the imposition of fines or civil money penalties; materially affect capital or liquidity requirements, results of operations or ability to pay dividends; or result in harm to the American Express brand;
- changes in the financial condition and creditworthiness of the company's business partners, such as bankruptcies,
  restructurings or consolidations, including of cobrand partners and merchants that represent a significant portion
  of the company's business, such as the airline industry, or partners in GNS or financial institutions that the
  company relies on for routine funding and liquidity, which could materially affect the company's financial condition
  or results of operations; and
- factors beyond the company's control such as resurgences of COVID-19 cases, whether and when populations
  achieve herd immunity, severe weather conditions, natural disasters, power loss, disruptions in
  telecommunications, terrorism and other catastrophic events, any of which could significantly affect demand for
  and spending on American Express cards, delinquency rates, loan and receivable balances and other aspects of the
  company's business and results of operations or disrupt its global network systems and ability to process
  transactions.

A further description of these uncertainties and other risks can be found in American Express Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the company's other reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.